



THE UNIVERSITY OF
MELBOURNE

In2School: a shared response for school refusal

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Session outline

- Wraparound model of care
- In2School program
- Governance
- Roles and communication
- Resourcing



Benefits of collaboration

- Opportunity to target complex needs when delivering interventions for youth
- Improve social and academic outcomes for young people
- Collaborative partnerships lead to improvements in child mental health, improvements in home-school relationships, an increased understanding of mental health by teachers, and an increased understanding of the school context for clinicians

(Eber, Breen, Rose, Unizycki, & London, 2008; Pettitt, 2003; Weist, Axelrod Lowie, Flaherty, & Pruitt, 2001)

Types of marriage

Arranged marriage (multidisciplinary): hierarchical, may exclude the family/student, are led by one person, and members have limited knowledge about others' disciplines and are accountable to themselves

Marriage of convenience (interdisciplinary): less hierarchical, more inclusive of the family/student, less dependent on a central leader, members understand others' disciplines but operate within boundaries, and members accountable to self and others

True marriage (Interprofessional collaborative practice): family/student focused, use shared leadership, clarify roles, share knowledge across disciplines, members share responsibility and accountability and there is continuous communication

(Golom & Schreck, 2018).



In2School



Phase 1

Relationship building and assessment



Phase 2

Therapeutic & educational programs delivered in transitional classroom

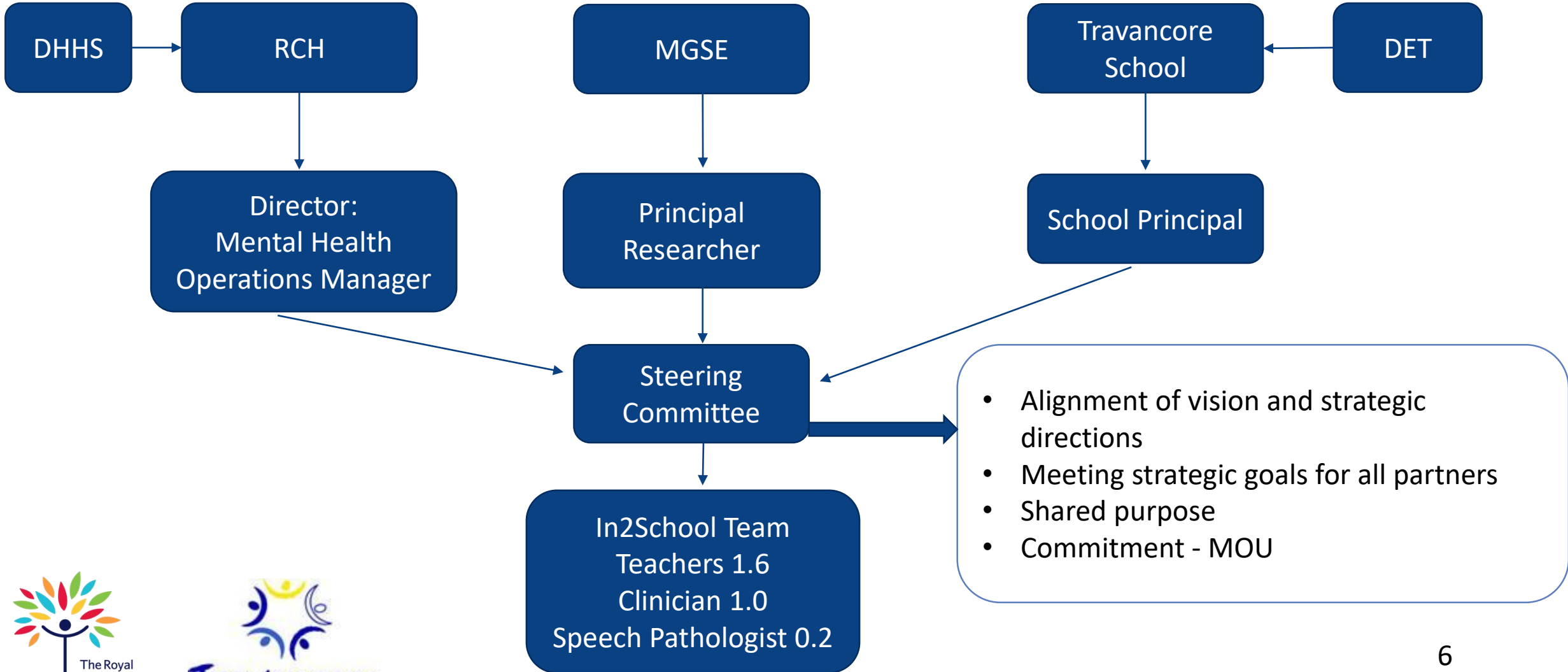


Phase 3

Return to mainstream school



Governance





Roles and Communication

Enablers

- MOU- outlines agency responsibilities around resourcing, promotion & collaborative practice
- Research Protocol – clarifies purpose, defines objectives, defines target population, describes intervention & evaluation
- Program Protocols – detailed operational procedures, curriculum, risk management
- History of agency collaboration – management, programs, co-location bring mutual trust and respect
- Small team reduces miscommunications
- Regular cross-agency communication at management level
- Built in links and supports with discipline and practice leadership





Roles and Communication

Barriers

- No existing multi agency process to support records management, sharing of evaluation data
 - different online agency platforms and processes
- Sharing of some roles requires specific skills and confidence often outside existing professional skillsets
- Different staff selection practices





Intervention

Therapy

- Individual therapeutic sessions with young person
- Specialist assessments
- Individual parent work
- Medication/ psychiatrist review
- Care coordination
- Family therapeutic support

Education

- Full time classroom attendance
- School liaison
- Curriculum development and delivery
- Positive behaviour classroom interventions
- Implement/review ILPs
- Community based excursions
- Family communication and liaison

Combined

- Evening parent group series
- Social communication classroom program
- Family phone support
- Home visits (if required)
- Psychoeducation sessions for partner schools
- Return to school plans
- Travel training
- New school transfer and enrolment (if required)





	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY
STAFF				
9.00 am		Tuning In	Tuning In	Tuning In
9.30 am		Literacy	Out n' About Preparation	Literacy
10.00 am	Tuning In		Out n' About	
10.30 am	Mind & Body	MORNING TEA		MORNING TEA
11.00 am		Numeracy		Social Skills
11.30 am	Learn a new skill			Where's your head at?
12.00 pm		LUNCH		
12.30 pm	Personal Project	Move		Move
1.00 pm				
1.30 pm	Daily Reflection	Daily Reflection		Daily Reflection
2.00 pm	Finish – Home time!	Finish – Home time!	Finish – Home time!	Finish – Home time!
2.15 pm				





Resourcing

Enablers in place.....

Co-location

Some agreement around sharing resources

- Physical space, vehicles, crisis support

Admin support

Appropriately skilled staff

Capacity for short term staff cover

Professional Learning – discipline specific and team

Discipline specific oversight



Barriers to address

Financial uncertainty – commitment at education and health department level

Inadequate resourcing

- Agreements around funding between agencies

- Specialist family therapy

- Enhanced follow-up

Time to develop and sustain working relationships

- Funding uncertainty impacts staff turnover impacts relationships

From the staff

This (integrated) model helps **schools and families feel safer** – there is a greater sharing of the load of what they are going throughthe message we provide has **more strength when it is delivered together**. I had more confidence in challenging schools and families knowing that I was backed up by other professionals *(Teacher)*

This program works, the collaboration between health and education **optimises recovery**, not just with school refusal difficulties but with their learning, social interactions and emotional regulation and their family relationships. **Families feel supported, schools feel supported and the young person feels supported**. It is essential for **sustainable recovery**. *(Clinician)*

Working in this model allowed me to **see things through a different lens**, have a **broader perspective** in understanding student's needs. *(Teacher)*

Having **trust in each other's expertise** and **valuing the roles and contributions** we each have has been crucial to each of us performing our best in our respective roles. *(Teacher)*



Questions?



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